

Reengagement and Risk-Taking in the CRE Lending Market

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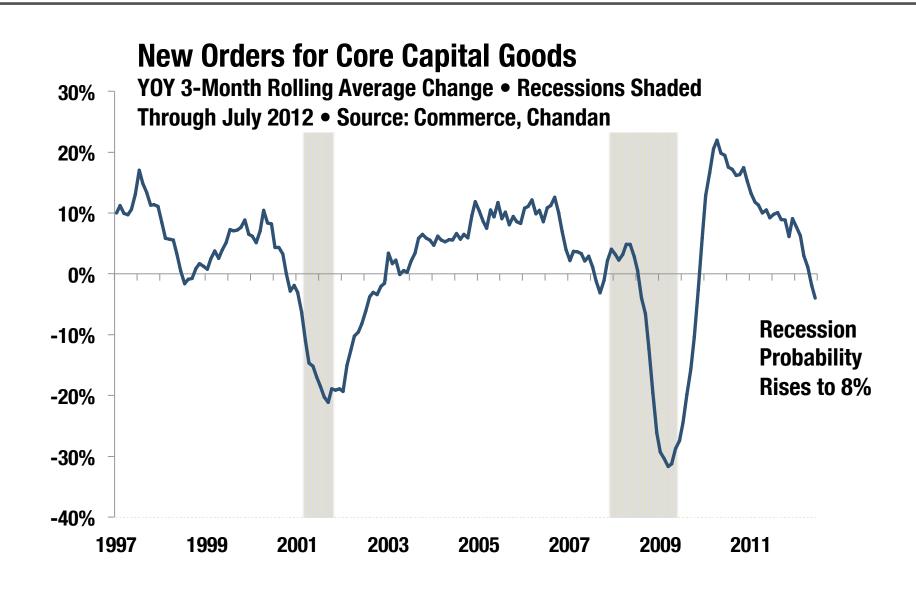
ECONOMIC IMPACT OF HURRICANE SANDY

- Immediate impact is strongly negative, reflecting sharp drop in trade and commerce, financial markets
- Early cost estimates range from \$40B to \$60B
- Activity has or will normalize for most large businesses over the next week
- Small businesses especially vulnerable to disruptions in operating cash flow

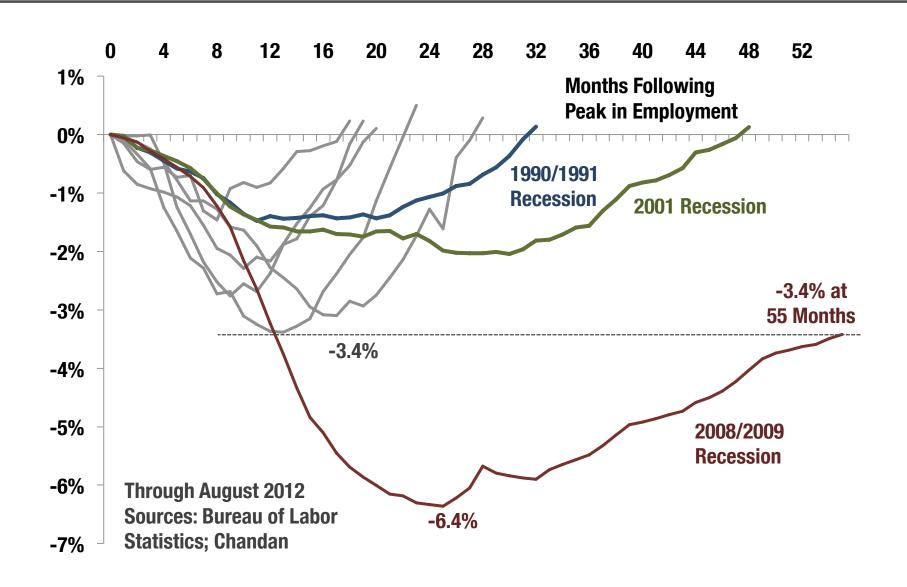
ECONOMIC IMPACT OF HURRICANE SANDY

- Productivity will remain impaired where there is damage to infrastructure
 - Subways, airports, seaports, roads, and rail lines
- Higher property and infrastructure losses have the perverse effect of lifting the medium-term outlook
- Long-term growth projections for the Mid-Atlantic economy are unchanged
- Changing view of event risk along the East Coast

BAD TIMING FOR THE ECONOMY



THE ECONOMY EMPLOYMENT



FOUNDATIONS OF INSTABILITY

Global Event Risk

Eurozone Crisis, the US Fiscal Cliff, Agency Reform, and the Era of Policy Dysfunction





DISTORTIONS DEFINE THE RECOVERY



BROAD OBSERVATIONS FROM Q3 2012

- 4,200 transactions recorded during Q3
- Q4 sale transactions are up significantly
- Historically low borrowing costs, reflecting lower benchmark rates
- Moderate easing in underwriting standards
 - Increase in initial interest-only periods
 - Increase in cash-out refinancings
 - In recent CMBS, higher stressed LTVs, lower DSCRs
 - Smaller negative appraisal bias[†]
 - In the apartment sector, further compression in risk pricing

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY FINANCING TRENDS

| Q3 2012 | Interest Rate Fixed-Rate Permanent | Change from Q2 2012 In BPS | Debt Yield | Change from Q2 2012 In BPS |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| Office | 4.8% | -20 | 11.0% | +10 |
| Retail • Malls & Anchored | 4.8% | -20 | 10.9% | -10 |
| Retail • Unanchored Centers | 4.9% | -30 | 11.3% | -20 |
| Industrial | 5.0% | -20 | 11.9% | -20 |

Source: Chandan; Loans of \$2 Million and Greater; Unweighted Averages

APARTMENT FINANCING TRENDS

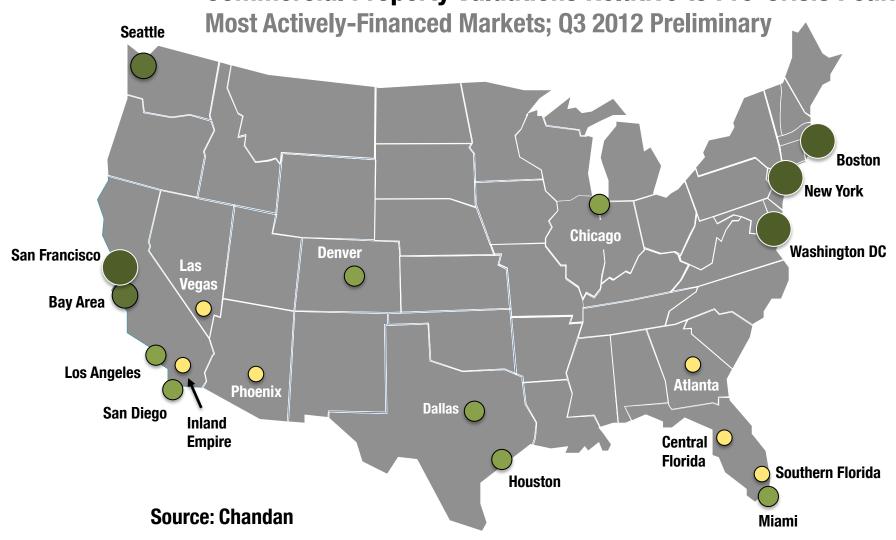
Q3 2012 Originations

| Origination Balance | Interest Rate | Rate Spread | Debt Yield | Cap Rate | Occupancy Rate | Expense Ratio |
|------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------|----------|-------------------|------------------|
| Less Than \$5M | 4.0% | 216 | 10.3% | 6.9% | 95.2% | 53.0% |
| \$5M to \$10M | 3.8% | 198 | 10.3% | 6.9% | 94.2% | 50.7% |
| \$10M to \$25M | 3.8% | 190 | 8.8% | 6.3% | 94.7% | 46.7% |
| \$25M + | 3.7% | 184 | 8.1% | 5.7% | 94.9% | 42.1% |

Source: Chandan; Loans of \$2 Million and Greater; Unweighted Averages

UNEVEN RECOVERY IN REFI VALUES

Commercial Property Valuations Relative to Pre-Crisis Peak

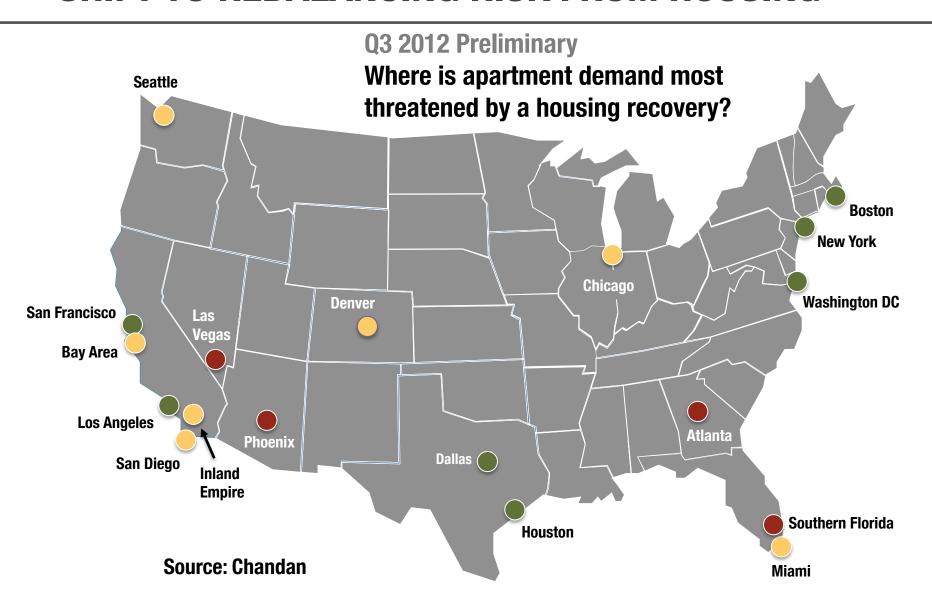


SHIFT TO EXIT RISK

| | Scenario 1 Constant Spreads | | Scenario 2 Spreads Narrow Sharply | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | Q3 2012 | Q3 2019 | Q3 2012 | Q3 2019 |
| Treasury | 1.7% | 4.5% | 1.7% | 4.5% |
| Cap Rate Spread BPS | 330 | 330 | 330 | 200 |
| Cap Rate | 5.0% | 7.8% | 5.0% | 6.5% |
| Annual NOI Growth to Hold Value | | 6.6% | | 3.8% |

For modeling purposes, assumes marked to 10-year Treasury. Source: Chandan

SHIFT TO REBALANCING RISK FROM HOUSING



THIRD QUARTER'S MOST FINANCABLE METROS

| 1 New York |
|-----------------|
| 2 San Francisco |
| 3 Seattle |
| 4 Washington DC |
| 5 Dallas |

| 6 Denver |
|------------|
| 7 Austin |
| 8 Houston |
| 9 Atlanta |
| 10 Chicago |

Indexed Across Core Property Types by:

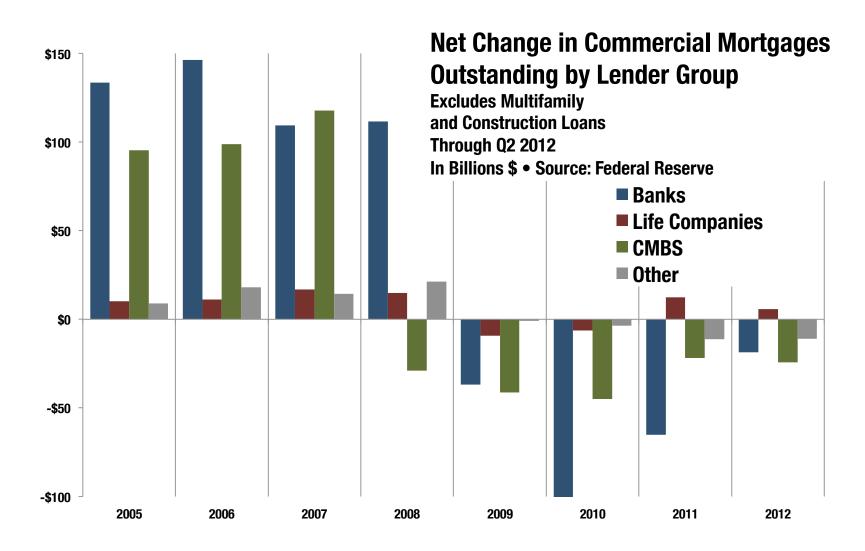
- Volume of Lending
- Volume Relative to Proxy for Inventory
- Lender Concentration
- Weighted Average Debt Yields



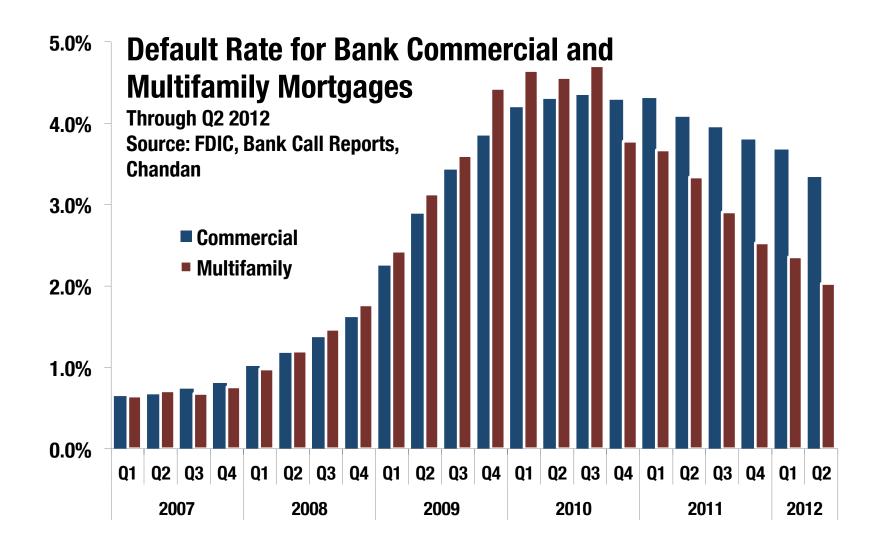
BROAD OBSERVATIONS FROM Q3 2012

- Minority of banks increasing their net exposure, mostly in multifamily
 - Tend to be larger institutions, located in major markets where price recovery is stronger
- CMBS share of the market growing
 - Supporting smaller office transactions in secondary and tertiary markets
- Life companies seeing more competition from international banks, CMBS alternatives
- Agency lending holding strong, driving capital into smaller markets

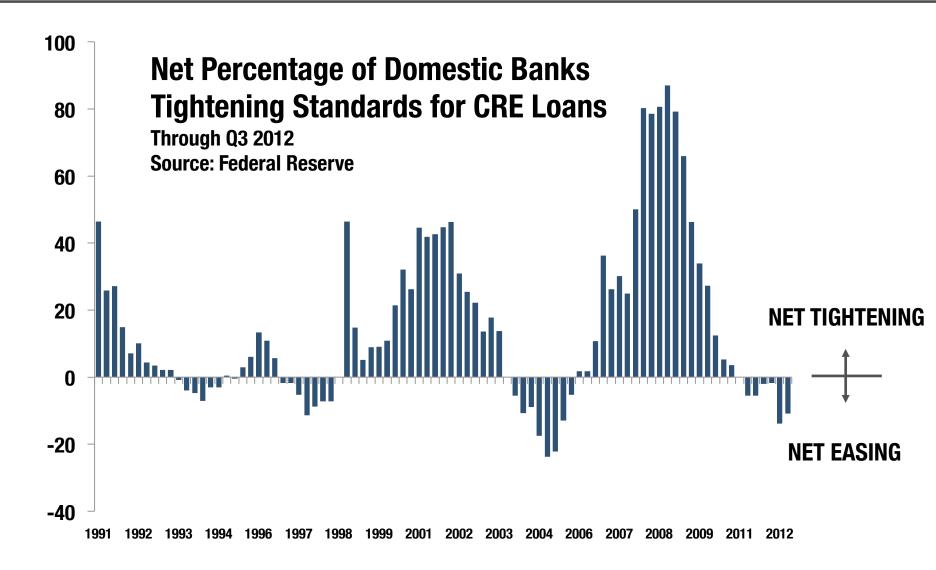
CRE CAPITAL SOURCES



BANKS' LEGACY LOAN PERFORMANCE



BANK LENDING STANDARDS



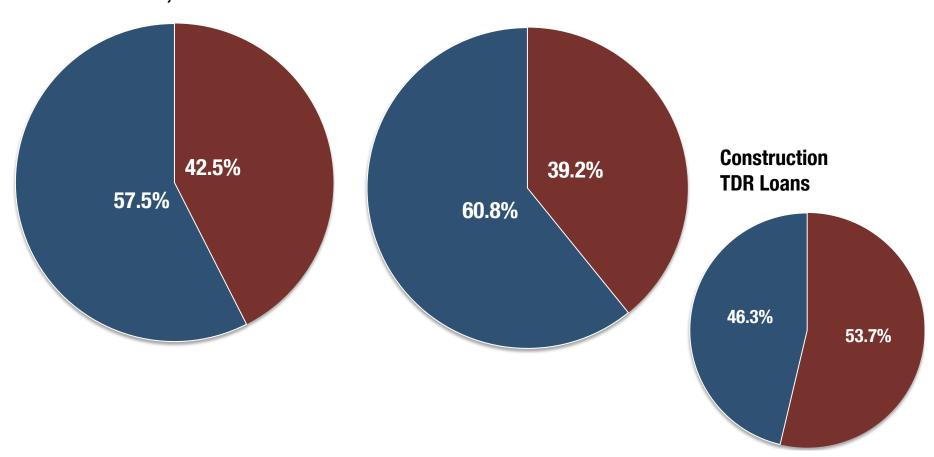
RECIDIVISM AND OTHER DRAGS ON LENDING

Commercial TDR Loans

Performing I Non Performing Through Q2 2012

Source: Chandan, FDIC

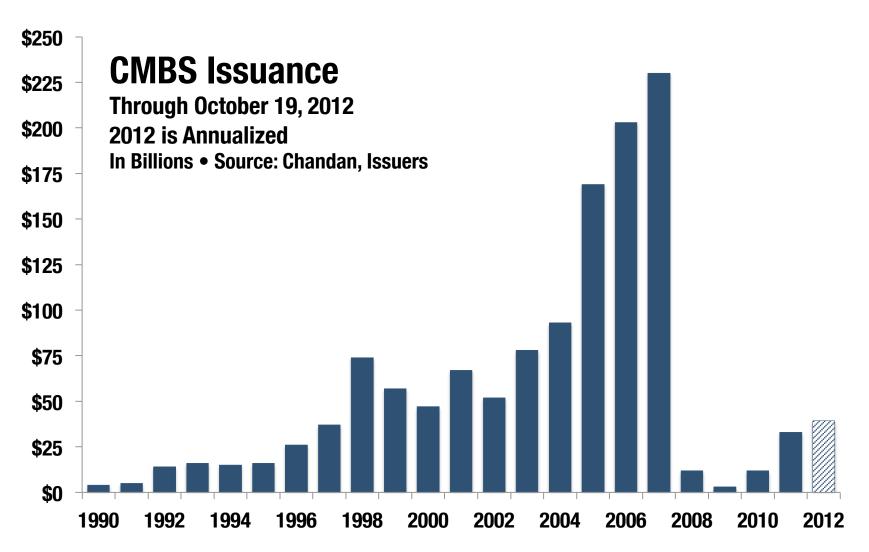
Multifamily TDR Loans



CMBS SPREADS NARROW



SECURITIZATION ACTIVITY BUILDS MOMENTUM

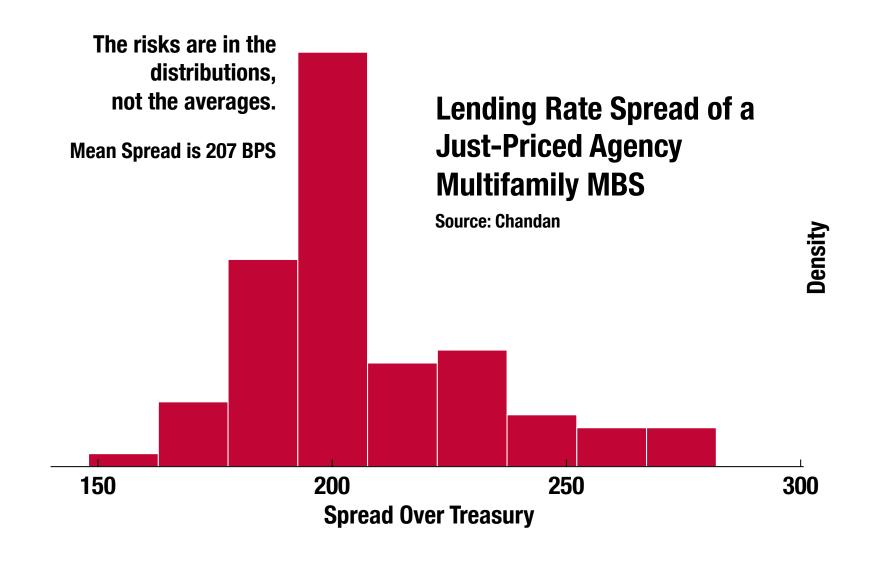


COMPETITIVENESS OF CMBS IMPROVES

| Pricing Date | Apartment | Office | Retail | Industrial | Hotel |
|--------------|-----------|-------------|--------|------------|-------|
| July | 2% | 33% | 34% | 3% | 17% |
| July | 4% | 30% | 37% | 5% | 9% |
| August | 11% | 52 % | 23% | 3% | 6% |
| September | 9% | 44% | 20% | 0% | 17% |
| September | 9% | 14% | 33% | 6% | 16% |
| September | 19% | 22% | 42% | 4% | 14% |
| September | 2% | 36% | 26% | 9% | 7% |
| October | 8% | 19% | 39% | 12% | 11% |
| October | 2% | 26% | 34% | 3% | 22% |
| November | 3% | 24% | 35% | 6% | 3% |
| Average | 7% | 30% | 32% | 5% | 12% |
| Median | 6% | 28% | 34% | 5% | 13% |

Source: SEC Filings, Chandan

INTERPRETING THE SPREAD



OUTLOOK FOR LENDING

- Slow improvement in bank lending continues
- CMBS outlook brightening, sensitive to bond markets
 - Concerns about weaker underwriting are reflected in recent rating agency disagreements
 - Our credit risk models show an uptick in default probabilities, clustered at maturity
- Life companies remain competitive for most desirable lending opportunities, less so in apartment

OUTLOOK FOR LENDING

- Value-add financing options show limited improvement
- Construction lending commitments rising outside of apartments, not yet showing up in draws
 - Manhattan leading resumption of large-scale development
 - Anecdotal cases of spec industrial construction
- Balloon and interest risks underpriced, to the greatest extent for stabilized apartments

OUTLOOK FOR LENDING

Key Risks for the Next Year

- Across property types, exit risk related to interest rate environment
 - 5- and 7-year loans with initial IO periods
- Weaker risk pricing observable in the apartment sector and in some CMBS issuance
- Potential for adverse shocks to the economy, missed expectations for jobs and related absorption
- Improving housing's impact on select apartment markets



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